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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: March 15, 2001, 10:36:10 ; Search time 35.6 seconds
(without alignments)
4.802 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-288-719-1

Perfect score: 28

Sequence: 1 GCGGS 5

Scoring table: BLOSUM62
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 268485 seqs, 34193795 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 268485

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

Database :

A_Geneseq_36:*

1: /SIDSL/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseqp/AA1980.DAT:*
2: /SIDSL/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseqp/AA1981.DAT:*
3: /SIDSL/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseqp/AA1982.DAT:*
4: /SIDSL/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseqp/AA1983.DAT:*
5: /SIDSL/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseqp/AA1984.DAT:*
6: /SIDSL/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseqp/AA1985.DAT:*
7: /SIDSL/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseqp/AA1986.DAT:*
8: /SIDSL/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseqp/AA1987.DAT:*
9: /SIDSL/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseqp/AA1988.DAT:*
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11: /SIDSL/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseqp/AA1990.DAT:*
12: /SIDSL/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseqp/AA1991.DAT:*
13: /SIDSL/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseqp/AA1992.DAT:*
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15: /SIDSL/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseqp/AA1994.DAT:*
16: /SIDSL/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseqp/AA1995.DAT:*
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18: /SIDSL/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseqp/AA1997.DAT:*
19: /SIDSL/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseqp/AA1998.DAT:*
20: /SIDSL/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseqp/AA1999.DAT:*
21: /SIDSL/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseqp/AA2000.DAT:*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a
score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed,
and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	ID	Description
1	28	100.0	5	14 R34034	Linking sequence w
2	28	100.0	5	16 R72707	Linker for apo A-I
3	28	100.0	5	17 R95062	scfV spacer peptid
4	28	100.0	5	18 W17094	GLY(4)-Ser linker
5	28	100.0	5	18 W19543	Chimeric protein p
6	28	100.0	5	20 Y43496	Linker for dual av
7	28	100.0	5	20 Y33597	VH-VL domain linke
8	28	100.0	5	20 Y25357	IFNAR2/IFN-beta co
9	28	100.0	5	20 Y02127	Peptide linker use
10	28	100.0	5	21 Y83210	Peptide linker use
11	28	100.0	5	21 Y43750	Linker used to con
12	28	100.0	5	21 Y54917	Linker from IL-12

13	28	100.0	6	15 R62168	U1 snRNP 70K prote
14	28	100.0	6	18 W17095	GLY(5)-Ser linker
15	28	100.0	6	18 W21967	Linker #1 for immu
16	28	100.0	7	17 R99245	(GLY6)Ser linker..
17	28	100.0	7	20 Y23703	Peptide identified
18	28	100.0	7	20 Y02129	Peptide linker use
19	28	100.0	8	17 R86795	GW-CSF/EPD linker
20	28	100.0	8	20 Y43498	Linker for dual av
21	28	100.0	8	21 Y83212	Peptide linker use
22	28	100.0	9	14 R31941	In vivo tumour bin
23	28	100.0	9	16 R77978	Conserved TDP2 pep
24	28	100.0	9	18 W08976	Conserved epitope
25	28	100.0	9	18 W43015	Conserved epitope
26	28	100.0	9	19 W54140	H. influenzae Tbp2
27	28	100.0	9	19 W54141	H. influenzae Tbp2
28	28	100.0	9	21 Y51796	H. influenzae tran
29	28	100.0	9	21 Y51797	H. influenzae tran
30	28	100.0	9	21 Y80384	H. influenzae tran
31	28	100.0	9	21 Y80385	H. influenzae tran
32	28	100.0	11	17 R99242	(GLY4Ser)2Ser link
33	28	100.0	11	17 R91061	Linker peptide use
34	28	100.0	11	19 W59848	Amino acid sequenc
35	28	100.0	12	21 Y79553	Linker peptide use
36	28	100.0	13	20 Y43499	Linker for dual av
37	28	100.0	13	20 Y25363	IFNAR2/IFN-beta co
38	28	100.0	13	20 Y06843	Peptide sequence f
39	28	100.0	13	21 Y83213	Peptide linker use
40	28	100.0	13	21 Y83220	Peptide linker use
41	28	100.0	13	21 Y80115	IL-6R and IL-6 fus
42	28	100.0	14	16 Y44696	Peptide linker to
43	28	100.0	14	16 R87024	Flexible linker se
44	28	100.0	14	18 W23417	Linker peptide for
45	28	100.0	14	19 W64498	Neurotoxic Beta-am

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1

R34034 standard; Protein: 5 AA.

ID R34034:

AC 13-AUG-1993 (first entry)

DT Linking sequence whose encoding DNA can be ligated between an

DE apo A-I - and a B-100-encoding DNA sequence.

KM Lipoprotein; apoprotein; B-100; A-I; LDL; HDL; assay.

OS Synthetic.

PN W09307165-A.

PD 15-APR-1993.

PF 09-OCT-1992; 92WO-US08634.

PR 09-OCT-1991; 91US-0774633.

PR 08-OCT-1992; 92US-0555555.

PR 28-JUN-1992; 92US-0901706.

PA (SCRI) SCRIPPS RES INSTR.

PI Curtiss LK, Koduri KR, Smith RS, Witztum JL, Young SG;

DR WPI; 1993-134378/16.

PT Polypeptide mimic of native apo B-100 and native apo A-I - useful

PS in assays for LDL and HDL in plasma samples

PS Disclosure; Page 14 and page 35; 137pp; English.

XX The inventors claim a portion of the polypeptide contg. apo B-100
CC that immunoreacts with antibodies secreted by the hybridoma MB47
CC having ATCC Accession No. 8746. Polypeptides specifically claimed
CC include residues 217-287, 216-310, 216-331, 216-352, 216-377, 1-377,
CC 205-297, 173-297, 140-297. DNA sequences encoding the polypeptides
CC are also claimed. Also claimed are a fusion polypeptide that
CC contains: (a) a first amino acid residue sequence up to 250 residues
CC in length that includes residues 120-135 of apo A-I, (b) a second
CC amino acid residue sequence up to 375 residues in length that
CC includes residues 217-297 of apo B-100 and DNA encoding it.
XX
SQ Sequence 5 AA:

Query Match 100.0%; Score 28; DB 14; Length 5;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.1e+05;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 GGGGS 5
| | | | |
Db 1 ggggs 5

RESULT 2
R72707
ID R72707 standard; Peptide; 5 AA.
XX
AC R72707;
XX
DT 31-OCT-1995 (first entry)
XX

DE Linker for apo A-I and apo B-100 fusion polypeptide.
XX

KW Apo A-I; LDL cholesterol; low density lipoprotein;
fusion polypeptide; linker.
KM
XX

OS Synthetic.
XX

PN US5408038-A.
XX

PD 18-APR-1995.
XX

PF 09-OCT-1991; 91US-0774633.
XX

PR 09-OCT-1991; 91US-0774633.
18-JUN-1992; 92US-0901706.
XX

PR 08-OCT-1992; 92US-0959946.
XX

PA (SCRI) SCRIPPS RES INST.
XX

PI Curtiss IK, Koduri KR, Smith RS, Witzum JL, Young SG;
XX

DR WPI: 1995-161146/21.
XX

PT New apo: lipoprotein B-100 peptide(s) and fusion peptide(s) - used
in assay systems for detecting LDL and HDL cholesterol levels in
body fluids.
XX

PS Disclosure; Column 18; 41pp; English.
XX

CC A dispersible apo A-I/B-100 fusion polypeptide is claimed which
contains a first AA sequence of apo A-I (see R72605) and that includes
at least AA sequence positions 120-135 (see R72606). The two
CC sequences are operatively linked. An exemplary linking sequence is
CC R72707 whose encoding DNA can be ligated between an apo A-I and a
CC B-100 encoding DNA sequence.
XX

SQ Sequence 5 AA:

Query Match 100.0%; Score 28; DB 16; Length 5;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.1e+05;

Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
OY 1 GGGGS 5
| | | | |
Db 1 ggggs 5

RESULT 3
R95062
ID R95062 standard; Peptide; 5 AA.
XX
AC R95062;
XX

DT 18-AUG-1996 (first entry)
XX

DE scfv spacer peptide.
XX

KW Nucleic acid transfer system; gene transfer; gene therapy;
cell targeting; multidomain protein; vector; cancer; scfv;
single chain antibody.
KM
XX

OS Synthetic.
XX

PN WO9613599-A1.
XX

PD 09-MAY-1996.
XX

PF 31-OCT-1995; 95WO-EP04270.
XX

PR 01-NOV-1994; 94EP-0810627.
XX

PA (WELS/) WELS W.
XX

PI Fominaya J, Wels W;
XX

DR WPI: 1996-239505/24.
XX

PT Nucleic acid transfer system for gene therapy, e.g. against cancer
- includes toxin translocation domain to target nucleic acid to
specific cell
XX

PS Disclosure; Page 8; 106pp; English.
XX

CC A flexible spacer peptide (R95062) is used to link the light chain
variable domain to the heavy chain variable domain of a single
chain recombinant antibody (scfv). The scfv may be derived from
a monoclonal antibody, e.g. Mab FRP5, and forms the ligand domain
of a multidomain protein (see also R95053 and R95056-58) that is used
with an effector nucleic acid in a novel nucleic acid transfer system
CC suitable for gene therapy. The ligand domain has a target cell
recognition function and allows cellular internalization of the
multidomain protein/nucleic acid complex.
CC
XX

SQ Sequence 5 AA:

Query Match 100.0%; Score 28; DB 17; Length 5;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.1e+05;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 GGGGS 5
| | | | |
Db 1 ggggs 5

RESULT 4
W17094
ID W17094 standard; peptide; 5 AA.
XX
AC W17094;
XX

DT 14-SEP-1999 (first entry)
XX

DE Gly(4)-Ser linker peptide for chimeric protein construct.
 XX
 KW Haematopoietic protein; human; granulocyte-colony stimulating factor;
 KW G-CSF; interleukin; c-mpl ligand; linker: gene therapy; aplastic anaemia;
 KW stem cell expansion; leukaemia; neutropenia; vector: bone marrow;
 KW thrombocytopenia; blood cell activation; growth.
 OS Synthetic.
 XX
 PN WO9712985-A2.
 XX
 PD 10-APR-1997.
 XX
 PF 04-OCT-1996; 96WO-US15774.
 XX
 PR 05-OCT-1995; 95US-0004834.
 XX
 PA (SEAR) SEARLE & CO G. D.
 XX
 PI Bauer SC, Baum CM, Caparon MH, Feng Y, Gird JG;
 PI Klein BK, Lee SC, McKearn JP, McWhirter CA, Staten NR;
 PI Summers NL, Zurfluh L;
 XX
 DR WPI; 1997-226228/20.
 XX
 PT Multi-functional haematopoietic receptor agonists - used to
 PT stimulate the production of haematopoietic cells in patients
 XX
 PS Disclosure; Page 33; 616pp; English.
 XX
 CC The invention relates to a novel haematopoietic protein (HP) comprising
 CC an amino acid (AA) sequence of formula: R1-L1-R2; R2-L1-R1; R1-R2; or
 CC R2-R1; where R1 and R2 are independently selected from: (i) a modified
 CC human granulocyte-colony stimulating factor (hG-CSF) AA sequence;
 CC (ii) a modified human interleukin-3 (hIL-3) AA sequence; (iii) a modified
 CC human c-mpl ligand; and a colony stimulating factor (CSF); and L1 = a
 CC linker capable of linking R1 to R2. This sequence represents an example
 CC of a linker used to construct the proteins of the invention.
 CC Vectors comprising the nucleic acid molecules are useful for the
 CC recombinant production of HP. The nucleic acid molecules are useful in
 CC gene therapy. The HP's are useful for stimulating the production of
 CC haematopoietic cells in patients, selective ex vivo expansion of stem
 CC cells and for treatment of haematopoietic disorders. Disorders that
 CC can be treated include leukaemia, neutropenia, aplastic anaemia and
 CC thrombocytopenia. In vitro uses include the ability to stimulate bone
 CC marrow and blood cell activation and growth before infusion into the
 CC patients.
 CC
 SQ Sequence 5 AA;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 28; DB 18; Length 5;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.1e+05;
 Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 OY 1 GGGGS 5
 DB 1 99995 5
 RESULT 5
 ID W19543
 AC W19543 standard; peptide; 5 AA.
 XX
 AC W19543;
 XX
 DT 19-FEB-1998 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Chimeric protein pentapeptide linker for the MBP moiety and PE moiety.
 XX
 KW Pseudomonas exotoxin; myelin basic protein; chimeric protein;
 KW autoimmune disease; multiple sclerosis; human.
 XX
 OS Synthetic.

XX
 PN WO9719179-A1.
 XX
 PD 29-MAY-1997.
 XX
 PF 17-NOV-1996; 96WO-IL00151.
 XX
 PR 26-DEC-1995; 95IL-0116559.
 XX
 PR 17-NOV-1995; 95IL-0116044.
 XX
 PA (YISS) YISSUM RES & DEV CO.
 XX
 PI Beraud E, Lorberboun-Galski H, Marianovsky I, Steinberger I;
 PI Yarkoni S;
 XX
 DR WPI; 1997-298116/27.
 XX
 PT New Pseudomonas exotoxin-myelin basic protein chimeric proteins -
 PT used for the treatment of autoimmune diseases, particularly
 PT multiple sclerosis
 XX
 PS Claim 6; Page 29; 54pp; English.
 XX
 CC New chimeric proteins have been developed comprising a Pseudomonas
 CC aeruginosa exotoxin (PE) moiety linked to a myelin basic protein (MBP)
 CC moiety selected from: (a) MBP; (b) amino acids 69-88 of guinea-pig MBP
 CC or an antigenic portion; (c) amino acids 84-102 of human MBP or an
 CC antigenic portion; (d) amino acids 143-168 of human MBP or an antigenic
 CC portion; and (e) an amino acid sequence in which one or more amino acids
 CC have been deleted, added, substituted or mutated in the amino acid
 CC sequences of (a), (b), (c), or (d), the modified sequences retaining at
 CC least 75% homology with the amino acid sequences. The present sequence
 CC represents the preferred pentapeptide linker used to link the MBP moiety
 CC and PE moiety in a chimeric protein. The chimeric proteins can be used
 CC for the treatment of autoimmune diseases such as multiple sclerosis. The
 CC chimeric proteins can specifically target and kill MBP specific T cells
 CC while having no effect on non-target cells.
 CC
 SQ Sequence 5 AA;
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 28; DB 18; Length 5;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.1e+05;
 Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 OY 1 GGGGS 5
 DB 1 99995 5
 RESULT 6
 ID Y43496
 AC Y43496 standard; Peptide; 5 AA.
 XX
 AC Y43496;
 XX
 DT 26-JAN-2000 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Linker for dual avb3 receptor/metastasis-associated receptor ligands.
 XX
 KW Interferon-alpha-2b; IFN-alpha; avb3 antagonist; avb3 receptor ligand;
 KW metastasis-associated receptor ligand; angiogenesis; cell proliferation;
 KW anti-angiogenic protein; avb3-integrin; cancer; arthritis;
 KW macular degeneration; diabetic retinopathy; hemangioma; psoriasis;
 KW osteoporosis; thrombosis; angina; atherosclerosis; antiviral;
 KW antibacterial; antifungal.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 XX
 PN WO9951638-A1.
 XX
 PD 14-OCT-1999.

PF 07-APR-1999; 99NO-US04295.
 XX
 XX 08-APR-1998; 98US-0081074.
 XX
 PA (SEAR) SEARLE & CO G. D.
 XX
 PI Tjoeng FS, Fok KF;
 XX
 DR WPI: 1999-620196/53.
 XX
 PT New conjugates of integrin antagonist and ligand for
 PT metastasis-associated receptor, for treating angiogenesis-related
 PT diseases, e.g. cancer
 XX
 PS Claim 18; Page 86; 108pp; English.
 XX
 CC The present sequence represents a linker used to join the avb3
 CC antagonist and the metastasis-associated receptor ligand, in the
 CC pharmaceutical compounds of the invention. These compounds are dual
 CC avb3 receptor/metastasis-associated receptor ligands, and inhibit
 CC angiogenesis and thus proliferation of (cancer) cells. One component
 CC binds to the avb3 receptor and the other to a metastasis-associated
 CC receptor. The avb3 antagonists may also be conjugated to anti-angiogenic
 CC proteins, such as IFN-alpha and its derivatives. The compounds are used
 CC to treat angiogenesis-related disorders (mediated by the avb3-integrin),
 CC specifically cancer (of lung, breast, prostate, stomach, colon,
 CC kidney or bladder, also melanoma, hepatoma, sarcoma and lymphoma),
 CC arthritis and macular degeneration, and also diabetic retinopathy,
 CC hemangioma, psoriasis, osteoporosis, thrombosis, angina, atherosclerosis
 CC etc. The compounds may also be useful as antiviral, antibacterial and
 CC antifungal agents.
 CC
 CC Sequence 5 AA;
 CC
 CC SO

Query Match 100.0%; Score 28; DB 20; Length 5;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.1e+05;
 Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 GCGGS 5
 |||||
 DB 1 9999s 5

RESULT 7

Y33597
 ID Y33597 standard; Protein: 5 AA.

AC Y33597;
 XX

DT 20-DEC-1999 (first entry)
 XX

DE VH-VL domain linker peptide #9.
 XX

KW Antigen binding: single chain; variable domain; VH domain; light chain;
 KW heavy immunoglobulin chain; VL domain; anticancer; antiviral; tumor;
 KW antibacterial; antimalarial; antiinflammatory; treatment; prevention;
 KW diagnosis; vaccine; autoimmune disease; inflammation; blood disorder;
 KW transplant rejection; arthritis; nervous system disorder; infection.
 XX

OS Synthetic.
 XX

PN DE19816141-A1.
 XX

PD 14-OCT-1999.
 XX

PF 09-APR-1998; 98DE-1016141.
 XX

PR 09-APR-1998; 98DE-1016141.
 XX

PA (HMRI) HOECHST MARION ROUSSEL DEUT GMBH.
 XX

PI Konfermann R, Sedlacek H, Mueller R;
 XX

XX
 XX WPI: 1999-581511/50.
 XX

PT New polyclonal binding agents containing variable heavy and light
 PT constructs connected via peptide linker, used for treatment, prevention
 PT or diagnosis of e.g. cancer
 XX
 PS Claim 7; Page 17; 20pp; German.
 XX

CC This sequence represents a novel single-chain molecule (I) that binds
 CC multiple antigens and comprises two variable domains of heavy
 CC immunoglobulin chains (VH), having specificities A and B and two
 CC variable domains of light chains (VL), also with specificities A and B.
 CC The domains are provided as two VH-VL constructs which are attached via
 CC a peptide (P). Any VH and VL may be replaced by their functional
 CC fragments. The products of the invention have anticancer, antiviral,
 CC antibacterial, antimalarial and antiinflammatory activity. (I) are used
 CC to treat, prevent or diagnose tumors (e.g. as tumor vaccines), autoimmune
 CC diseases and inflammation (e.g. transplant rejection and arthritis),
 CC blood disorders (e.g. of the coagulation and/or circulatory systems, such
 CC as anemia, leucopenia, thrombocytopenia and hypertension), nervous system
 CC disorders and/or infections (by viruses or bacteria, or malaria),
 CC including, when (I) include a fusogenic peptide, use for gene transfer.
 CC (I) are produced simply and in predominantly homogeneous form, in a wide
 CC variety of hosts, either in secreted or membrane-bound forms. This
 CC sequence represents a VH-VL domain linker peptide which is used to
 CC illustrate the method of the invention.
 CC
 CC Sequence 5 AA;
 CC
 CC SO

Query Match 100.0%; Score 28; DB 20; Length 5;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.1e+05;
 Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 GCGGS 5
 |||||
 DB 1 9999s 5

RESULT 8

Y23357
 ID Y23357 standard; peptide: 5 AA.

AC Y23357;
 XX

DT 06-SEP-1999 (first entry)
 XX

DE IFNAR2/IFN-beta complex peptide fragment 1.
 XX

KW IFNAR2: IFN-beta; type I interferon; IFNAR/IFN complex; IFN; antiviral;
 KW human interferon alpha/beta receptor; anticancer; immunomodulatory;
 KW anti-arthritis; antidiabetic; treatment; hepatitis; viral infection;
 KW hairy cell leukemia; Kaposi's sarcoma; multiple myeloma; cancer; lupus;
 KW diabetes; multiple sclerosis; rheumatoid arthritis; myasthenia gravis;
 KW acquired immune deficiency syndrome.
 XX

OS Synthetic.
 XX

PN WO9932141-A1.
 XX

PD 01-JUL-1999.
 XX

PF 18-DEC-1998; 98WO-US26926.
 XX

PR 19-DEC-1997; 97US-0068295.
 XX

PA (ISTF) ARS APPLIED RES SYSTEMS HOLDING NV.
 XX

PI (MCIN/) MCINNIS P G.
 XX

PA Cunningham M, El Tayar N, McKenna S, Sherries D;
 XX

PI Tepper M;
 XX

DR WPI: 1999-405115/34.
 XX Prolonging in vivo activity of type I interferon by complexing
 XX
 XX Example 8; Page 76; 86pp; English.
 XX
 CC This invention describes a novel method for prolonging the in vivo effect
 CC of type I interferon (IFN) by administering IFN as a complex (A) with a
 CC subunit (I) of the human interferon alpha/beta receptor (IFNAR). The
 CC product of the invention has antiviral, anticancer, immunomodulatory,
 CC anti-arthritis and antidiabetic activity. (A) have the antiviral,
 CC anticancer and immunomodulating activities of IFN, e.g. for treating
 CC hepatitis and other viral infections, hairy cell leukemia, Kaposi's
 CC sarcoma, multiple myeloma and other cancers, multiple sclerosis,
 CC rheumatoid arthritis, myasthenia gravis, diabetes, acquired immune
 CC deficiency syndrome and lupus. When complexed in (A), the storage life of
 CC IFN is increased (i.e. it is stabilized against oligomerization, without
 CC the need for storage at acidic pH) and its biological effect is
 CC potentiated.
 CC
 CC Sequence 5 AA;
 SO
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 28; DB 20; Length 5;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.1e+05;
 Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 GGGGS 5
 Db 1 11111
 1 99995 5
 RESULT 9
 Y02127
 ID Y02127 standard; Protein; 5 AA.
 XX
 AC Y02127;
 XX
 DT 16-JUL-1999 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Peptide linker used to make multifunctional proteins.
 DE
 KW Angiostatin; endostatin; interferon; thrombospondin;
 KW interferon-inducible protein; platelet factor 4; anti-angiogenic;
 KW anti-tumor; multifunctional protein; angiogenic-mediated disease;
 KW cancer; diabetic retinopathy; macular degeneration; arthritis;
 KW tumor cell production; peptide linker.
 KW
 XX Homo sapiens.
 OS
 XX WO9916889-A1.
 PN
 XX 08-APR-1999.
 PD
 XX 30-SEP-1998; 98WO-US20464.
 PE
 XX 01-OCT-1997; 97US-0060609.
 PR
 XX (SEAR) SEARLE & CO G D.
 PA
 XX Bolanowski MA, Caparon MH, Casperson GF, Gregory SA;
 PI Klein BK, McKearn JP;
 DR WPI: 1999-255098/21.
 XX
 XX New multifunctional proteins useful for treating angiogenic-mediated
 PT diseases
 PT
 PS Disclosure; Page 111; 121pp; English.
 XX
 CC The specification describes multifunctional proteins which comprise
 CC combinations of angiostatin, endostatin, interferon, thrombospondin,
 CC interferon-inducible protein and platelet factor 4, and have

CC anti-angiogenic and/or anti-tumor activity. The multifunctional protein
 CC may exhibit useful properties such as having similar or greater
 CC biological activity when compared to a single factor or by having
 CC improved half-life or decreased adverse side effects, or a combination
 CC of these properties. The proteins can be used for treating an
 CC angiogenic-mediated disease, e.g. cancer, diabetic retinopathy, macular
 CC degeneration, or arthritis. They can also be used for inhibiting the
 CC production of tumor cells (characteristic of lung, breast, ovarian,
 CC prostate, pancreatic, gastric, colon, renal, bladder cancers; melanoma,
 CC hepatoma, sarcoma and lymphoma) in a patient and for inhibiting tumor
 CC growth. Y02125-32 represent peptide linkers used to make the
 CC multifunctional proteins of the invention.
 CC
 CC Sequence 5 AA;
 SO
 Query Match 100.0%; Score 28; DB 20; Length 5;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.1e+05;
 Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 GGGGS 5
 Db 1 11111
 1 99995 5
 RESULT 10
 Y83210
 ID Y83210 standard; Peptide; 5 AA.
 XX
 AC Y83210;
 XX
 DT 24-JUL-2000 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Peptide linker used in construction of a_vb_3 integrin/IFN alpha.
 DE
 KW Biconjugate; a_vb_3 integrin; interferon alpha; angiogenesis;
 KW cancer; tumour; osteoporosis; Paget's disease; Kaposi's sarcoma;
 KW periodontal disease; metastasis; neoplasia; retinopathy; arthritis;
 KW psoriasis; leukaemia; malignant melanoma; atherosclerosis;
 KW smooth muscle cell migration; inhibition; treatment; antagonist;
 KW angina; thrombosis; restenosis; antiviral; antifungal;
 KW antibacterial.
 KW
 XX Synthetic.
 OS
 XX WO200009143-A1.
 PN
 XX 24-FEB-2000.
 PD
 XX 07-APR-1999; 99WO-US04296.
 PE
 XX 13-AUG-1998; 98US-0096442.
 PR
 XX (SEAR) SEARLE & CO G D.
 PA
 XX Fok KF, Tjoeng FS;
 PI
 XX WPI: 2000-205894/18.
 DR
 XX New biconjugates comprising an avb3 antagonist and a
 PT metastatic-associated receptor ligand, useful for treating cancer and
 PT other angiogenic diseases, or as antiviral, antifungal or antibacterial
 PT agents
 PT
 PS Claim 19; Page 88; 123pp; English.
 XX
 CC Biconjugates comprising one or more a_vb_3 antagonist moieties
 CC coupled to a peptide or polypeptide having anti-angiogenic properties.
 CC can be used for treating a human patient with an
 CC angiogenesis-mediated disease, e.g. cancer, arthritis, or macular
 CC degeneration. The a_vb_3 integrin is normally associated with
 CC endothelial cells but can promote the formation of blood vessels
 CC (angiogenesis) in tumours. The a_vb_3 integrin is also known to

CC play a role in tumour metastasis, neoplasia, osteoporosis,
CC Paget's disease, retinopathy, arthritis, periodontal disease,
CC osteitis and smooth muscle cell migration. Interferon alpha is a
CC family of proteins which possess complex antiviral, antineoplastic
CC and immunomodulating activities. Interferon alpha is effective
CC against a variety of cancers including hairy cell leukaemia,
CC chronic myelogenous leukaemia, malignant melanoma and Kaposi's
CC sarcoma. Multi-functional bioconjugates comprising both a v.b.3
CC antagonists and interferon alpha 2b can exhibit greater biological
CC activity when compared to a single factor or having improved
CC half-life or decreased adverse side effects, or a combination of
CC these properties. They can be used for inhibiting elevated levels
CC of tumor antigens, inhibiting the proliferation of tumor cells and
CC inhibiting tumor growth. The bioconjugates can also be used for
CC treating e.g. osteoporosis, humoral hypercalcemia of malignancy,
CC Paget's disease, retinopathy including diabetic retinopathy,
CC arthritis including rheumatoid arthritis, periodontal disease,
CC psoriasis, thrombosis, angina, atherosclerosis, smooth muscle cell
CC migration and restenosis in a mammal. They are also useful as
CC antiviral, antifungal and antibacterial agents. This sequence is a
CC peptide linker used in the construction of the multi-functional
CC bioconjugates.

5 AA; sequence

Query Match	100.0%;	Score 28;	DB 21;	Length 5;
Best Local Similarity	100.0%;	Pred. No. 2.1e+05;		
Matches	5;	Conservative	0;	Mismatches 0;
			Indels	0;
			Gaps	0

Qy	1	GGGGS	5
Db	1	ggggs	5

```

RESULT 11
Y43750
ID Y43750 standard; 'peptide; 5 AA.

```

AC Y43750;

DT 11-FEB-2000 (first entry)

DE Linker used to construct a bispecific single-chain antibody.

KW bscCD19XCD3 antibody; bispecific single-chain fragment; CD19 antigen;

KW cytotoxic T-lymphocyte; B-cell malignancy; myasthenia gravis;

KW Hashimoto thyroiditis; Goodpasture syndrome; B-cell depletion;

XX
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XX
F7000E A A 40 - 31[illegible]XX
07-16000[illegible]

XX
XX

PA (RIET/) RIETHMUELLER G.

PI Kufer P, Lutterbuese R, Bargou R, Loeffler A,

DR WPI; 2000-013241/01.

PT Novel multifunctional polypeptide for treating B-cell malignancies

Claim 10; Page 49; 91pp; English.

XX The present sequence represents a linker used in the construction
CC of bispecific single-chain polypeptides of the invention. These
CC polypeptides comprise domains providing binding-site of immunoglobulin
CC chains or antibodies specifically recognizing CD19 and CD3 antigen.
CC The polypeptide destroys CD19-positive target cells without any need
CC of T-cell pre and/or co-stimulation, by recruiting cytotoxic
CC T-lymphocytes and so specific lysis by T-cells rather than a direct
CC effect by an antibody is achieved. The bispecific single-chain
CC polypeptides, or nucleotides encoding them, are used for the treatment
CC of B-cell malignancies, B-cell mediated autoimmune diseases like
CC myasthenia gravis, Morbus Basedow, Hashimoto thyroiditis or Goodpasture
CC syndrome or for the depletion of B-cells and more particularly
CC non-Hodgkin lymphoma in mammals preferably human. They can also delay
CC the pathological conditions caused by these diseases, and can be used
CC for detecting these diseases. The polynucleotide is used for gene
CC therapy. The polypeptides are also used for identifying compounds
CC modulating B-cell/T-cell mediated immune response with can in turn be
CC used for treating cancer, its related diseases and also for inhibiting
CC viral diseases by preventing viral infection.

Quarter Match

Query Match	100.0%	Score 28;	DB 21;	Length 5;
Best Local Similarity	100.0%	Pred. No. 2.1e+05;		
Matches	5;	Conservative	0;	Mismatches 0;
			Indels	0;
			Gaps	0

QY	1	GGGS	5
Db	1	gggs	5

RESULT	12
Y54917	
ID	Y54917 standard; peptide; 5 AA.

AC Y5491.7;

DT 14-FEB-2000 (first entry)

Linker from IL-12 fusion protein.

KW Interleukin-12; IL-12; fusion protein; IL-12 p35 subunit; B7 protein;

3 XX 3

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F79E00410A

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DE 00-NOV-1006-06TH-0751767[illegible]

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PT for treating leukemia and other ca

PS Claim 3; Column 93; 73pp; English.

CC This sequence represents a linker that can be used in an interleukin-12

CC construct (I) comprising a region encoding an interleukin-12 (IL-12)

CC a linker peptide (joining the subunits), and a region encoding a B/
CC protein. (I) may be used to produce IL-12 fusion proteins according to

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.1e+05;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 GGGS 5
11111
DB 2 ggggs 6

RESULT 15

W21967
ID W21967 standard; peptide: 6 AA.
XX

AC W21967;
XX

DT 03-DEC-1997 (first entry)
XX

DE Linker #1 for immunotoxin containing Pseudomonas exotoxin.
XX

XX PCR; primer; amplify; polymerase chain reaction; antibody; immunotoxin;
KW variable heavy chain; VH; murine monoclonal antibody; Lewis; carcinoma;
KW carbohydrate antigen; Pseudomonas exotoxin; proteolytic activation;
KW cytotoxic activity; tumour; autoimmune condition; rheumatoid arthritis;
KW graft versus host disease; organ transplant rejection; type I diabetes;
KW multiple sclerosis; systemic lupus erythematosus; myasthenia gravis;
KW T cell; B cell; cytosol; bone marrow; transplant; therapy.
XX

XX Synthetic.
OS

XX W09713529-A1.
PN

XX 17-APR-1997.
PD

XX 11-OCT-1996; 96WO-US16327.
PF

XX 13-OCT-1995; 95US-0005388.
PR

XX (USSH) US DEPT HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES.
PA

XX Kuan C, Pastan I;
PI

XX WPI: 1997-235666/21.
DR

XX Immunotoxin(s) comprising Pseudomonas exotoxin linked to
PT disulphide stabilised variable heavy and light chain regions of an
PT antibody - useful for killing target cells bearing characteristic
PT marker
XX

PS Claim 5; Page 49; 64pp; English.
PS

XX W21967-W21969 represent linkers used in the immunotoxins of the
CC invention. The immunotoxins bind to target cells, and comprise, a
CC Pseudomonas exotoxin (PE) that does not need proteolytic activation for
CC cytotoxic activity fused to a VH framework region of an Fv antibody (Ab)
CC fragment. The VH chain region is bound through at least one disulphide
CC bond to a variable light (VL) chain framework region. The PE is lacking
CC residues 1-279 and is at least 10-fold more cytotoxic to the target cells
CC than an immunotoxin comprising PE attached to a VH chain framework region
CC of an Fv Ab fragment lacking a disulphide bond to a VL chain framework
CC region. These sequences are used to join the VH chain region to the PE.
CC The immunotoxins can be used for killing target cells in the treatment of
CC tumours, autoimmune conditions, graft versus host disease, organ
CC transplant rejection, type I diabetes, multiple sclerosis, rheumatoid
CC arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus, myasthenia gravis, etc, all
CC caused by T and B cells. They can also be used to deliver an antibody to
CC the cytosol of a cell, and in vitro in the elimination of harmful cells
CC from bone marrow before transplant. The immunotoxins have high
CC cytotoxicity to target cells and a small size to provide greater
CC penetration to target cells.
XX

SO Sequence 6 AA;
XX

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.1e+05;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 GGGS 5
11111
DB 2 ggggs 6

Search completed: March 15, 2001, 10:52:21
Job time: 971 sec

Query Match 100.0%; Score 28; DB 18; Length 6;

